SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification of the substance and of the supplier

Product identifiers

Company

Product name : PP BC03B Powder
Product code : GPNA22071
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

: For general plastic industries. Keep away from flame.

: Salee Colour Public Co., Ltd.

858 Moo 2, Soi 1C/1, Bangpu Industrial Estate,

Bangpumai, Muang Samutprakarn,

Samutprakarn 10280, Thailand

Telephone : (662) 323-2601-8 Fax : (662) 323-2227-8

2. Hazards Identification

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) and GHS Classification:

This product is not classified as dangerous according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and GHS

Pictogram : Not Applicable
Signal Word : Not applicable

Hazard statement : Precautionary Statement : -

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS Number	EC Number	Percent weight
Polypropylene	9003-07-0	Polymer	>=80
Polypropylene Ethylene Copolymer	9010-79-1	Polymer	<=20

4. First Aid Measures

Skin Exposure
 If molten material comes in contact with the skin, cool under ice water or a running stream of water.DO NOT attempt to remove the material from the skin. Remove could result in serve tissue damage. Get medical attention.
 Eyes Exposure
 If molten material should splash into eyes, flush eyes immediately with fresh water for 15 minutes while holding

immediately with fresh water for 15 minutes while holding the eyelid open. Remove contact lenses, if worn. Get immediate medical attention.

: Move the exposed person to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention if breathing difficulties continue.

: No first aid procedures are required. Seek medical attention if a significant amount is swallowed.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Inhalation

Ingestion

Suitable extinguishing agents

: Dry chemical, foam, water fog or carbon dioxide. Avoid using direct streams of water on molten burning material.

Hazards during fire-fighting

Protective equipment

- : Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, original monomer other hydrocarbon oxidation products. Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, original monomer other hydrocarbon oxidation products.
- : Wear self-contained respiratory protective device.

6. Accidental Release Measure

Personal precautions
Environmental precautions

Cleanup

- : Avoid dust formation.
- : Discharge into the environment must be avoided.
- : Collect spilled material using a method that minimizes dust generation (e.g., wet methods, HEPA vacuum). Place waste in an appropriate container for disposal. Allow molten material to solidify before disposal.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling

Storage conditions

- : Avoid dust generation. Handling of pellets may form dust. Filter and ventilate dust where necessary.
- Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area or silo away from sources of heat, flame and sparks. Ventilate enclosed storage areas, such as trailers and railcars, before entering. Have emergency equipment for fires and spills readily available.

8. Exposure Controls/ Personal Protection

Component	Reference	TWA		TEL	
Name		ppm	mg/m ³	ppm	mg/m ³
Polypropylene	Canada-OEL	-	10	-	-
	Italy-OEL	-	10	_	_

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection Eye protection Protective clothing

Ventilation

Other protective equipment

Engineering Controls

- : No special respiration protection is normally required.
- : Chemical workers goggles recommended.
 Gloves required when handling hot material. In case of fire, wear MSHA/NIOSH approved self-contained breathing apparatus or equivalent and full protective gear.
- : Provide adequate ventilation when processing material at elevated temperatures.

 Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.
- For molten materials: Provide mechanical ventilation; in general such ventilation should be provided at compounding/ converting areas and at fabricating/filling work stations where the material is heated. Local exhaust ventilation should be used over and in the vicinity of machinery involved in handling the molten material.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Apprearance
Odour
Boiling Point
Flash Point
Melting Point
Vapour Pressure

Auto ignition temperature

- : Colorless and opaque pellets
- : Odourless
- : Not Applicale
- : Not Applicable
- : 130-170°C
- Not Applicale
- : Not Applicable

Solubility Insolublein water Not Applicale Viscosity Not Applicale Upper/Lower flammability or explosive limit Not Applicale Relative density Not Applicale **Specific Gravity** Not Applicale Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not Applicale **Decomposition** temperature Not Applicale Not Applicale **Explosive properties**

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability

Condition to Avoid Material to Avoid

Dangerous decomposition

- This material is considered a stable thermoplastic, with no chemical reactivity under normal ambient and anticipated handling conditions of temperature and pressure.
- : Avoid temperatures above 300°C.
- : Avoid solvents and oxidizing agents.
- : Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, hydrocarbons, dense smoke.

11. Toxicological Information

Acute Toxicity

Chemical name	Route	Species	Acute Toxic Value
Polypropylene	Oral	Rat	LD50 > 8,000 mg/kg

Irritating/corrosive effects

Eye Irritation

Skin Irritation Inhalation Ingestion

- : Solid particles may cause transient irritation from mechanical abrasion.
- : Molten material may cause thermal burns.
- : Process fumes may cause irritation.
- : May cause a choking hazard if swallowed.

12. Ecological Information

Eco-toxicity : No relevant studies found.

Persistence and degradability: Insoluble in water. Not expected to be bio-accumulative.

Mobility in soil : No relevant studies identified.

Other adverse effects: Not expected to pose a significant ecological hazard.

13. Disposal Considerations

Disposal methods:

This material may be recycled if unused, or if it has not been contaminated so as to make it unsuitable for its intended use. Shelf life considerations should also be applied in making decisions of this type. Note that properties of a material may change in use, and recycling or reuse may not always be appropriate. Dispose of by: burial in a land-fill specifically licensed to accept chemical and/or pharmaceutical wastes or Incineration in a licensed apparatus (after admixture with suitable combustible material) Decontaminate empty containers. Observe all label safeguards until containers are cleaned and destroyed.

14. Transport Information

Regulatory information	UN number	Classes	Packing group	Label	Additional information
DOT	-	-	-	-	-
ADR/RID	-	-	-	-	-
IMDG CODE	-	-	-	-	-
ICAO/IATA	-	-	-	-	-

15. Regulatory Information

US Toxic Substances Control Act

All components of this product are on the TSCA Inventory.

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)

The components of this product are on the EINECS inventory or are exempt from inventory requirements.

Canada - WHMIS

This product does not meet WHMIS classification criteria.

NFPA - USA.

Health: 0 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0

HMIS

Health: 0 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0

16. Other Information

ADR : European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road.

RID : Regulations concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by rail.

DOT : Department of Transportation

IMDG-CODE: International maritime dangerous goods codeICAO: International Civil Aviation OrganizationIATA: International air transport associationCLP: Classification and Labeling of Packaging

GHS : Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals

OEL : Occupational Exposure Limits
TWA : Time Weighted Average
LD50 : Lethal Dose, 50%

HMIS : Hazardous Materials Identification System
NFPA : National Fire Protection Association

WHMIS : Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System